

Political Culture of Democracy in Peru, 2008: the Impact of Governance

Technical information

<i>Country</i>	<i>Year</i>	<i>Size of sample</i>	<i>Weighted/Unweighted</i>
Peru	2008	1,500	Unweighted

This survey was carried out in February of 2008, as part of the LAPOP AmericasBarometer 2008 wave of surveys. It is a follow up of the national survey of 2006 carried out by the Latin America Public Opinion Project (LAPOP). The 2008 survey was conducted by Vanderbilt University and Instituto de Estudios Peruanos with field work APOYO Opinión y Mercadeo. Funding came from the United States Agency for International Development (USAID).

The project used a national probability sample design of voting-age adults, with a total N of 1,500 people involving face-to-face interviews in Spanish. The data set can be best described as a complex sample design taking into account stratification and clustering. The sample was stratified by regions (North and South Coast, Metropolitan Lima, the Amazon, Central, North and South Highlands) and by urban and rural areas. Respondents were selected in clusters of 6-8 in urban areas and 10-12 in rural areas.

The sample consists of 96 primary sampling units and 289 final sampling units, which represent the 24 departments and 1 constitutional province of Peru. The total number of respondents surveyed in urban areas is 1125 and 375 in rural areas. The estimated margin of error for the survey is ± 2.53 .

The complete report and the questionnaire can be found at *Political Culture of Democracy in Peru, 2008: the Impact of Governance*, written by Julio Carrión, and Patricia Zárate Ardelá. Readers can access the publication through a link on the LAPOP website: www.AmericasBarometer.org.