



## *The Political Culture of Democracy in Haiti, 2006*

### *Technical information*

<i>Country</i>	<i>Year</i>	<i>Sample size</i>	<i>Weighted /unweighted</i>
<b>Haiti</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>1,625</b>	<b>unweighted</b>

This survey was carried out in 2006 as part of the LAPOP AmericasBarometer 2006 wave of surveys. It was conducted by Borge y Asociados, with scientific direction being provided by Mitchell A. Seligson.

The survey was a national probability design, with a total N of 1,625 and the island was stratified into three (4) regions: Northern, Central, Southern and western. The interviews were conducted in 167 sampling units and the respondents were selected in PSUs of 8 in urban areas and 12 in rural.

The complete sample of 1,625 is composed of 50.4% male respondents and 49.6% female, and its estimated margin of error is  $\pm 2.4$  (at the 95% level). The distribution of the sample was based primarily on the 2003 census data carried out by the Bureau du Recensement Général de la Population et de l'Habitat de l'institut Haïtien de Statistique et d'Informatique (IHSI). The full version of the report and the complete questionnaire can be found at "Culture Politique de la Démocratie en Haïti: 2006", written by Dominique Zéphyr, Yves-François Pierre and Abby Córdova Guillén, and published by GRESS and Vanderbilt University with the support of USAID. That report and the questionnaire are available for public access at [www.AmericasBarometer.org](http://www.AmericasBarometer.org).

Containing data gathered in 2006, the national survey report analyzes important subjects such as attitudes towards support for stable democracy, corruption, crime, local governments, as well as many others areas of democratic political values and behaviors.